

Encouraging Higher Level Communication Skills

Bloom's Taxonomy for Parents



This is for you, if...

- You work with your child at home
- You wish that you knew more of what teachers are looking for, especially in reading
- You want to help your child prepare for for high stakes testing



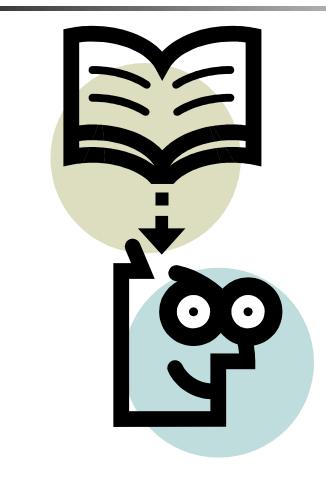


To start...

Bloom's Taxonomy

 Benjamin Bloom created this taxonomy for categorizing levels of questions that commonly occur in educational settings. The taxonomy provides a useful structure in which to categorize test questions. If students can determine the levels of questions that will appear on their exams, they will be able to study using appropriate strategies.

Basics of Bloom's Taxonomy



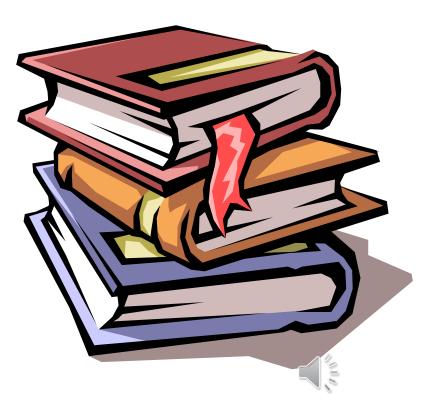
Levels of Bloom's Taxonomy

- 1. Knowledge
- 2. Comprehension
- 3. Application
- 4. Analysis
- 5. Synthesis
- 6. Evaluation



F.A.S.T. Fact

 60% of questions on the state reading assessment are above the comprehension level!





Knowledge

- Can recognize information, ideas, and principles in the approximate form in which they are learned.
- Key words: choose, find, list, outline, recall, circle, identify, match, underline, describe, label, name, repeat, state.



Sample Knowledge Questions

- Can you remember? Whether with the second second
- Can you choose ?
- How would you identify _____?
- How would you define _____?

- When did _____?
- Which one _____?
- Who were _____
- Why did _____?
- How would you recognize ____?
- How is (are) _

Comprehension

- Can understand the main idea of the material heard, viewed, or read. Is able to interpret or summarize the ideas in their own words.
- Key words: distinguish, elaborate, generalize, paraphrase, contrast, predict, describe, explain, clarify, discuss, estimate, calculate

Sample Comprehension Questions

- Can you describe ____?
- How would you identify _____?
- Can you generalize how _____?
- How would you express _____?

- What can you predict about ____?
- What can you infer from _____?
- What did _____ look like?
- What facts or ideas demonstrate ____?



Application

- Is able to apply an abstract idea in a concrete situation to solve a problem or relate it to prior experience.
- Key words: demonstrate, prepare, determine, illustrate, participate, change, develop, adapt, solve, manipulate, apply, organize, use

Sample Application Questions

- How would you change _____?
- How could you develop _____?
- How would you use the facts to investigate ____?
- How would you present _____?

- What other action would you choose to ?
- What would result if _____?
- What actions would you take to perform ?



Analysis

- Can break down a concept or idea into parts and show relationships among the parts.
- Key words: analyze, deduce, explain, outline, categorize, differentiate, inquire, classify, sequence, examine, transform, discriminate, chart, inspect, review

Sample Analysis Questions

- Can you sort the parts _____?
- How is _____
 related to _____?
- How would you explain _____?
- How would you document _____?

- What is the reason
- What can you point out about _____?
- What explanation do you have for ____?
- What evidence can you list for _____?



Synthesis

- Brings together parts (elements or compounds) of knowledge to form a whole and build relationships for new situations.
- Key words: create, arrange, design, plan, generate, blend, produce, combine, concoct, establish, invent

Sample Synthesis Questions

- Can you imagine an alternative _____?
- Can you formulate ?
- Can you predict the outcome if _____?
- Can you plan a way for the _____?

- How could you write a story about ____?
- What changes would you make to revise _____?
- What could be done to integrate ____?
- What would happen if _____?



Evaluation

- Makes informed judgments about the value of ideas or materials. Uses standards and criteria to support opinions and views
- Key words: agree, defend, judge, justify, assess, dispute, prioritize, criticize, rate, recommend, influence, test, verify

Sample Evaluation Questions

- Based on what you know, what would you recommend?
- How could you prove _____?
- How would you grade ____?
- How would you decide _____?

- What is your opinion of _____?
- What would you cite to defend the actions of _____?
- What would you conclude about

What does this mean for you?

- When talking with your child about his assignments, ask them questions from each level of Blooms.
- When helping them study, see if they are just memorizing verbatim, or if they actually understand the concepts
 (Key point in vocabulary and math)

Practical Ideas for Home

Talk with the child about his school	Ask why he is studying a particular	Ask him how something works, and	Become inquisitive, and encourage
work.	subject.	why.	the same.
Be interested.	If you don't know, help him find the answer.	Help him, but don't do it for him.	Set an example by reading.



Parents can make a difference

 All information adapted from "FCAT Flip Charts, Critical Thinking Reference" by Florida Educational Tools, and from state supplied FCAT material.

